

MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

FOURTH YEAR.

MASSILLON, O., MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1891.

PRICE TWO CENTS

GREAT BARGAIN
this week in
—CORSETS,—
J. & C. SWISS GORE CORSETS
worth \$1.00 will be sold for
SIXTY CENTS.
PERFECT FIT
and
SPLENDID QUALITY.
Warwick Block. HUMBERTER'S

"Where are you going my pretty maid?"
"I'm going to Whitman's, kind sir, to trade"
"Why do you go there, my pretty waid?"
"His stock is the very largest in the city, sir," she said.
"But how are his prices, my pretty maid?"
"They're lower than any one else has made."
"Can I go with you my pretty maid?"
"Pleased with your company sir," she said,
So then these two the lad and maid,
Went hurrying off to trade:
And when the lad went home he said,
"I've found the very best bargain maid."
You can do the same by trading at

C. M. WHITMAN'S,

ORIGINAL ONE PRICE CLOTHING, HAT AND FURNISHING GOODS
HOUSE, No. 18 SOUTH ERIE ST.

COLEMAN.
THE JEWELER

New and Complete stock in all the very latest styles.

Sterling SILVERWARE,
Dozen, Half Dozens, Single pieces.

Diamonds,

Watches

Jewelry.

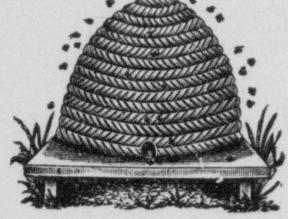
Largest Stock in the City
NO. 5 ERIE STREET.

In looking through our invoices we find our purchases already this spring amounts to

16,900 Yards
New Choice Carpetings

Do not think of buying your spring carpetings until you have gone through the

Massillon Bee Hive
CARPET HALL.



In our line of All Wool Ingrains, we are showing almost every conceivable pattern. We are sure they will please everybody.

Respectfully,
ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

SEE GEORGE SNYDER

Before you buy your

BOOTS AND SHOES

GRAND PALACE HOTEL,
81 to 83 North Clark Street, CHICAGO

5 Minutes from court house.
Both Plans.
Weekly \$3.00. Transients, 50 up.
Restaurant by Compagnon, late Ch. Club Chef.
Popular Prices. New House.
Cut this out for further reference.

TO THE PUBLIC.

JAN KEE
Formerly with Tun Kee in the Minich block and No. 1 East Tremont street.
has started a first-class

New Laundry at No. 45 East Main Street
Where he will be prepared to show to the public the finest work in his line. He has the latest improved machinery.

New Shirts, 13c, 2 for 25c. Shirts, 10c. Collars, 2c. Ladies Collars, 2 for 5c. Cuffs, 4c.

E. D. Wileman,
ENGINEER & SURVEYOR,
OFFICE IN WARWICK BLOCK.

All work accurately and promptly attended to. P. O. Box, 47.
Real Estate bought, sold and exchanged

KNOX AND BROADWAY SILK HATS,
J. B. Stetson Fine Soft Hats.

Elegant line of Spring Styles in Derby and Crush Hats. See the latest in children's Fancy caps. Full line of

PERRINS FINE KID GLOVES.

Remember we are strictly hatters and men's furnishers. We can show you more styles and better goods than half dozen clothing stores in the county.

SPANGLER, & CO. HATTERS

No. 4 EAST MAIN ST.

LAST EDITION.

SALMAGUNDI.

TO-DAY'S DOINGS IN THIS TOWN

Personal Notes and Brief Mention of Many Things.

THE WEATHER—For Ohio—Monday, clearing, colder.

Miss Minnie Ketterer is in Akron. George Sladden spent Sunday in Cleveland.

Mr. Lewis Ruch, of Canal Fulton, is in the city.

E. J. Heffleman, of Canton, was in the city yesterday.

Senator Howells spent Sunday at his home in this city.

Edward Martin and Oscar Johns were in Canton yesterday.

Miss Ida Patton, of Canton, is the guest of Miss Fannie Upham.

Born, Saturday evening, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Firkins, a son.

Miss Mary Duros, of Norwalk, is visiting her parents in this city.

Mr. Smith, of Barnevile, has taken a position with Jas. A. Hackett.

Patrolman Frank Ertle is confined to bed with sciatica rheumatism.

Messrs. Hill, Howard, and Joe Dewese spent Sunday in Massillon.

Mrs. Dr. H. Dissinger, of Canal Fulton, is at the Hotel Conrad to-day.

Labor Commissioner John McBride came up from Columbus Saturday.

Mrs. Jas. Robinson has been called to Pittsburgh, by the illness of her sister.

W. M. Rogers and family have moved into the Taylor property in Park street.

Ebenezer Lewis, secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers in Ohio, is in the city.

Miss Millie Brown, of "Quality Hill," has returned from a visit with friends in Mansfield.

H. C. Diehl left for New York this afternoon to be absent about two weeks on business.

The next city solicitor of Massillon went to Cleveland this morning on professional business.

Charles Gable has returned home from Birmingham, Ala., and will remain for several months.

Wilson Gruber returned this afternoon from Mt. Eaton with eleven head of cattle still fed cattle.

Dr. A. J. Strong, the noted Cleveland specialist, was in the city this morning on professional business.

Mr. E. B. Lieghley, of Massillon, and W. B. Durand, of Oberlin, are guests at the Hawley House.—Cleveland Leader.

A charter has been issued to the Massillon Typographical Union No. 283. The union will be completely organized this week.

Don H., the eminent St. Bernard, is suffering from pneumonia, pleurisy and several other unpleasant things, but is much improved to-day.

Yardmaster H. M. Ramsour has been off duty for two weeks on account of a contest with la grippe. He went to work Sunday, but was compelled to quit from fear of a threatened relapse.

Ivor Lewis left to day for a visit to Wales, one of the purposes of the trip being to have a prize fight with a local champion in that country. Mr. Lewis has already had eleven contests in the ring.

The Tuscarawas Township Sunday School Assembly will hold the next meeting Sunday evening, March 22, in East Greenville. A good programme will be prepared. Subject for general discussion, "Relation of the Parent to the Sunday School."

Mrs. David Vaughn died at her home in Pleasant View addition, Sunday evening, from typhoid fever. She had been sick two weeks, and leaves a husband and two children under three years of age. The remains will be taken to Youngstown, O., to-morrow for burial.

Mr. J. H. Hilton, for a number of years superintendent and civil engineer for the Massillon Bridge Company, but lately connected with an extensive iron plant at Phoenixville, Pa., has accepted a call to his old position with the bridge company and will return to duty within a few days.

David Clark, proprietor of the Bridge House, is removing his family and household effects to-day to New Portage, Summit county, where, in company with George Swan, of this city, he has leased extensive quarries. Benjamin Edwards, of Youngstown Hill, succeeds to the leadership of the house.

A year ago this morning Mr. C. B. Allman set foot in Jappa, and in the afternoon started donkey-back for Jerusalem. "Talk about California for \$450," says Mr. Allman, "when you can go to Jerusalem and return for less than \$600, and devote months to sight seeing in all the prominent cities of the old world!"

Mrs. C. McC. Everhard and a number of members of the Equal Rights Association left for Canal Fulton this afternoon, to visit the Fulton Association. In this connection THE INDEPENDENT proceeds upon some information in advising the editor of the Signal to withdraw his closer and repent, for having questioned the propriety of women becoming professional "drummers." The Fulton Association is expected to hold an inquest upon the editor who holds such antislavery opinions.

The Cleveland Leader's music man

becomes enthusiastic in this way: "Mrs. B. L. Rouse, of this city, assisted at a recital with Constantin Sternberg, at Massillon last Wednesday. It is needless to state that Mr. Sternberg received high honors from his audience and Mrs. Rouse divided them equally with him, for she was most enthusiastically received. It was said by musical people present that her singing was more of a success than that of any singer who has appeared there for some seasons."

THE REV. J. DE B. KAYE.

The Rev. J. de B. Kaye occupied the pulpit of St. Timothy's P. E. Church yesterday morning, by exchange, and preached at Grace Chapel, to the colored Episcopal congregation, in the evening. The morning discourse was plain and sensible, there being extended reference to the double standard of morals, which requires one thing of women and quite another of men. Mr. Kaye is a young Englishman, on the sunny side of thirty, with a distinct British accent, and pleasant delivery. He has taken deacon's orders and therefore wears the short gown and black stall over one shoulder, fastened under the opposite arm. He is rector of the Trinity mission church at Alliance, which is prospering greatly under his care. While in the city he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Albrecht.

THAT COAL SYNDICATE.

PROJECTOR OTIS E. YOUNG TALKS ABOUT THE MATTER.

Nothing Done of a Definite Nature, as Yet—Sanguine of Complete Success Sooner or Later—the Many Advantages Claimed.

Ois E. Young, the well known Cleveland coal operator in the Massillon district, is in the city to-day, and he did not mind admitting to a reporter that the development of his syndicate of Massillon operators had a good deal to do with his presence.

"Now really," said Mr. Young, with his most deprecating smile, "there is nothing to be told, and the least printed the better. We are talking about the matter of getting all the coal companies operating in this field together, but no actual steps have been taken."

"Of course you have options on the mines involved?" was the suggestive inquiry.

"Well, if we haven't now I can say that we'll have to have options before the thing goes through. It ought to go through, and I believe that it will. Some of the men interested who were least favorable see the question very differently upon examination."

"In case of the organization of the syndicate will the present operators exchange their stock for shares in the syndicate or will they sell out in favor of other capitalists?"

"I am unable to answer your question—it comes too early in the history of the movement. All I can say is that the subject is being agitated, and I am responsible for a share of that agitation. The truth is that many of the mines here have been operated at small, if any profit for a long time. The miners work less than half time and the railroads are most unfair. It would be a good thing all round to consolidate. It would not be necessary to operate all the mines to get the needed tonnage, and such mines as would be operated could furnish steady work. Such a company would moreover extend its trade, where individual companies have no influence, and could get no foothold. Among coals, Massillon coal is a specialty. In one sense it has no competitor. There are all sorts of steam coals, but there is only one Massillon coal. The territory is compact, quantity limited and the demand certain, and of a peculiar character. This is the only district in the state in which a combination of interests is feasible."

"You have no objection to the publication of all this?"

"Certainly not. You see I've told you nothing."

THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

A Strong Ticket Selected—Exciting, but Friendly Contests.

Unusual interest was manifested in the Republican primary election on Saturday, the contests for street commissioner and city treasurer being especially exciting; but, although considerable warmth was engendered, it was all restricted to friendly contests, and to-day the party presents a united front to "our friends, the enemy," who will be met in battle array on April 6 and vanquished. Appended is the complete ticket nominated, with the total vote for each candidate where there was opposition:

CITY TICKET.

Marshal—Adam Wendling, 791; Frederick Paul, 73.

Solicitor—E. G. Willison, 593; D. F. Reinoehl, 263.

Treasurer—J. W. Foltz, 412; L. A. Koons, 450.

Council—First ward, Z. T. Baltz;

second ward, Wayne Matthews;

third ward, E. J. Hamill; fourth ward, George Snyder.

Assessors—First ward, L. Q. Hoover;

second ward, John H. Martin;

third ward, Jackson Reese, 119; Thomas Hopkinson, 215; fourth ward, Benton Smith.

The votes, by wards, were not kept

separate, except that for street commissioner, which was as follows:

1st w. 2d w. 3d w. 4th w. total

E. B. Bayliss..... 123 84 130 22 369

Jos. B. Healy..... 52 68 132 6 258

John B. Snyder..... 26 13 11 19 50

Ez. Kiel Keller..... 53 65 98 11 227

The total vote cast was 998.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

Trustee—Adam Roof, 275; I. B. Danger, 450.

Treasurer—Martin Schafer.

Assessor, Massillon precinct—Horace Fasnacht.

Constables—George R. Cannon, Martin Biddle.

A recount of the ballots was made today upon the requests of candidates Keller and Healy, the first named having been informed that he had not been credited with all the votes cast for him. The result of the canvass changed the vote on street commissioner to the following: Bayliss, 307; Healy, 255; Keller, 240.

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NO HAGGLING!

We do not ask you \$15 and drop to \$10, to make you think you are getting a bargain in a suit worth only \$8; No! we say \$8 at the start off! We mark the prices plainly on the goods; and every figure means to you an honest bona-fide bargain. Every article we offer you is lower in price than you can buy like quality for, elsewhere in this country. We mean this. The goods and prices are here to back our words.

ALL BRIGHT!

Fresh, New; We have't a single old shop-worn style in the store to unload on you! The entire stock is new, and such superb goods, splendidly made, perfect fitting, its ten to one we get the whole clothing trade of the town this year; we don't see why we shouldn't. We have the largest, finest and best selected stock ever seen here, and our prices are all below the lowest elsewhere. Everybody that wants the fullest value for his money, must buy of us.

GOODHART'S MODEL ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE

Northwest Corner Main and Erie Streets, Massillon.

SHOT TO DEATH.

ELEVEN ITALIANS BUTCHED IN NEW ORLEANS.

A Wild Mob Avenges the Murder of Chief Hennessy.

CALL FOR ACTION ISSUED BY FORTY PROMINENT CITIZENS.

Leaders of the Mob Advocate Lynch Law and Yell for Blood.

Breaking in the Prison—The Keys Turned Over and the Leaders Given the Freedom of the Place—Hundreds of Bullets Pour in Upon the Victims—They Fired in Vain for Mercy—A Law and Order Committee Organized by Leading Citizens to Take Charge of the Case and Investigate the Murder of Chief Hennessy, and, on Hearing the Verdict, Decided on Lynch Law—The Mafia Has Been Struck a Death Blow.

The Mob Commences Work.
Messengers were immediately dispatched for axes and crowbars and picks. These were soon procured from a neighboring blacksmith shop, and the mob set to work to break in the big iron gate in front of the prison. It is a massive concern, and the instruments made no impression on it. In the meantime another squad of men attacked the side gate on Marais street. The leaders of the mob stood at the door, and only fifty men, the men who had first volunteered their services, were allowed to enter, the rest being kept out with difficulty. The mob first broke into the visiting room, where they were halted for a few seconds by the iron fence and railing. A demand was made for the key of the gate and a deputy sheriff presented it to one of the men with the remark that the mob was irresistible and it was folly to oppose it any longer.

Shot Down Like Beeves.
Not a word was spoken then, but a half dozen men quickly ran the length of the gallery and quietly descended the stairs. These six men did all the shooting. They found the prisoners crouching in the women's department. Sunseri and one of the other Italians saved their lives by concealing themselves in a doghouse, where they escaped attention. Sunseri weighs over 200 pounds, but managed to make himself small on this occasion. Gaspardo Marchesi, the boy prisoner, was saved by some of the mob who took mercy on his tender years. He was concealed between two mattresses. The other Italians were scattered around the yard. When they saw the mob they set up a yell for mercy. Suddenly a voice said: "Give it them," and instantly three guns and a pistol belched forth a rain of leaden bullets. Gerachi, who is lame and who was the last of the fleeing men, received one load in the back of the head, and turning a complete somersault fell on his face and never moved again. Then Monasteri and Jim Caruso fell. Their backs and heads were literally riddled with bullets. Romero, with a cry of anguish, crouched down on his knees, with his head almost on the ground. He was killed in that attitude. He was the only one who had his hat on, and, notwithstanding that it was riddled with bullets, it never left his head. His black frock coat was torn to shreds by the bullets. Finally someone came to the door and announced that most of the men had been killed, but that Monachea, Marchesi the elder and Baggetto would be brought from the prison and hanged.

PAID NO ATTENTION TO PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

The jurors did not appreciate the public sentiment on the outside, and were surprised at the public indignation. Mr. Seligman, the foreman, explained that the jury had found its verdict because it did not believe the state witnesses, but his explanation was howled down with derision. The jury stood twelve for the acquittal of Macheca, Incardona, Matranga, the two Marchises and Baggetto, and nine to three for conviction of the others. The other jurors regarded with suspicion the three dissenting jurors, and one of them expressed the opinion that these jurors were bought from the start, and throughout the trial they expressed their intention to bring in a verdict of not guilty. The excitement over the verdict reached fever heat by night, and three or four secret meetings were held to consider the situation. The trial of the case had cost the city \$30,000 and lasted for over a month.

THE LAW FAILED TO TAKE ITS COURSE.

Soon after the assassination of Hennessy a law and order committee was appointed by Mayor Shakespeare to take charge of this case and investigate the murder of Hennessy, and \$15,000 was voted for that purpose by the city council. The first proposition was to hold a mass meeting at Clay statue Saturday night, but the leaders became convinced that this would have a bad effect, as it would be impossible to control the mob at night, and it would get out of the hands of the men who should lead and become dangerous to the city. Thirty or forty picked men of courage offered their services, but it was finally decided that it might cause bloodshed, and that it was better to proceed by daylight.

THE CALL FOR ACTION.

A call was then drawn up by Mr. E. H. Farrar, a lawyer and president of the committee of order, short and to the following effect:

Polizzi's Awful Death.

At the corner was a gaunt lamp post. Someone threw a rope across the heads of the cool and collected men who were pushing the prisoner along, and when the corner was reached, a man threw the rope around it. There was already a noose at the other end and this was hastily and imperfectly adjusted about the neck of the Italian. Then ready hands at the other end tugged at the line and the body was hoisted in the air. As soon as it was high enough to make the range of shots go upward and over the heads of the people, a dozen reports rang out and the blood gushed from Polizzi's face and many shots literally riddled his body. Then the rope with which he had been hanged was wrapped securely about the post and Polizzi's body was left hanging in the broad glare of the daylight.

Under Clay's Statue.

The meeting at the Clay statue, on Canal street, was held promptly at 10 o'clock. Just as the stroke of that hour



DAVID C. HENNESSY

show of resistance, and succumbed before it; indeed, the officers of the law threw up their hats and cheered the mob while it was executing its terrible work. When, on Friday, the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty against six of the Italians on trial and disagreed as to the other three, an ominous howl of indignation was heard. The press unanimously denounced the verdict, and declared that the jury had been bought. The grand jury had already found indictments against two men charged with tampering with the jury, and other indictments were expected.

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A Fiendish Crime at Mt. Pleasant.

MT. PLEASANT, MICH., March 16.—Shortly after Dennis Burns left his home in Wise, eleven miles north of here, his wife went to a neighbor's well for a pail of water, leaving her three children in bed. While gone an unknown man entered and assaulted the oldest girl and set fire to the house to hide the crime. The house was destroyed. The oldest girl was so badly burned that she died in an hour after telling her story.

Commissioner Groff Resigns.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Commissioner Groff, of the general land office, has tendered his resignation, but it has not yet been accepted by the president. The commissioner says there is no truth whatever in the published report that a serious controversy between himself and Secretary Noble led to his resignation. His sole reason for resigning, he says, is failing health.

The Chicago Labor Ticket.

CHICAGO, March 16.—At the United Trade and Labor party convention, held at Bricklayers' hall Saturday night, the following ticket was nominated: For mayor, Dewitt Cregier; city treasurer, W. P. Rend; city attorney, George F. Sugg; city clerk, James Ball.

Under Clay's Statue.

The meeting at the Clay statue, on Canal street, was held promptly at 10 o'clock. Just as the stroke of that hour

Antonio Baggetto, one of those acquitted, was brought from the jail. He was suffering from a wound and was probably dead when he was lynched, or nearly so. The men carried him to the park on neutral ground in the center of Orleans street, on which are several rows of trees. Some one ascended a tree and threw another rope around a convenient limb, when Baggetto was swung up.

To Stop Further Bloodshed.

Secretary Blaine Calls Governor Nicholls' Attention to Saturday's Horror.

Breaking in the Prison.

The crowd by this time numbered about 5,000. The mob seemed determined on quiet work. At the word of command they started toward the parish prison at a dog trot. It was then seen that there were three carts in the mob, in which were a number of ladders to storm the prison, if necessary. There were also ropes with which to lynch the prisoners. One of the men on a cart tied the rope aloft in imitation of a hangman's noose, and motioned to the mob to come along. Some 200 men armed with rifles made their appearance as men who proposed to take the prison at any cost. The 200 with guns drew up in front of the main gate on Orleans street, other squads went to Tremie, Marais and St. Anne streets, completely surrounding the prison and rendering it impossible for the prisoners to be slipped away by side or rear entrance.

The Mob Commences Work.

Messengers were immediately dispatched for axes and crowbars and picks. These were soon procured from a neighboring blacksmith shop, and the mob set to work to break in the big iron gate in front of the prison. It is a massive concern, and the instruments made no impression on it. In the meantime another squad of men attacked the side gate on Marais street. The leaders of the mob stood at the door, and only fifty men, the men who had first volunteered their services, were allowed to enter, the rest being kept out with difficulty. The mob first broke into the visiting room, where they were halted for a few seconds by the iron fence and railing. A demand was made for the key of the gate and a deputy sheriff presented it to one of the men with the remark that his aid had not been invoked and when he reached his office it was all over. He had not asked any aid of the governor.

The Argentine Republic.

ROME, March 16.—The Italian cabinet has sent instructions by cable to the Argentine minister at Washington, Baron DeFava, to protest vehemently against the murder of Indians in the prison at New Orleans on Saturday last. Baron DeFava has called in reply that he had presented the protest to the government of the United States and received in reply the promise that full satisfaction would be given.

The Italian Cabinet Takes Action.

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ANOTHER FIRE AT SYRACUSE.

The St. James Church and Adjoining Buildings Destroyed.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 16.—Before the firemen had left the scenes of disaster the firemen quickly ran the length of the gallery and quietly descended the stairs. These six men did all the shooting. They found the prisoners crouching in the women's department. Sunseri and one of the other Italians saved their lives by concealing themselves in a doghouse, where they escaped attention. Sunseri weighs over 200 pounds, but managed to make himself small on this occasion. Gaspardo Marchesi, the boy prisoner, was saved by some of the mob who took mercy on his tender years. He was concealed between two mattresses. The other Italians were scattered around the yard. When they saw the mob they set up a yell for mercy. Suddenly a voice said: "Give it them," and instantly three guns and a pistol belched forth a rain of leaden bullets. Gerachi, who is lame and who was the last of the fleeing men, received one load in the back of the head, and turning a complete somersault fell on his face and never moved again. Then Monasteri and Jim Caruso fell. Their backs and heads were literally riddled with bullets. Romero, with a cry of anguish, crouched down on his knees, with his head almost on the ground. He was killed in that attitude. He was the only one who had his hat on, and, notwithstanding that it was riddled with bullets, it never left his head. His black frock coat was torn to shreds by the bullets. Finally someone came to the door and announced that most of the men had been killed, but that Monachea, Marchesi the elder and Baggetto would be brought from the prison and hanged.

Prefer Arbitration to War.

The new Brazilian constitution provides that the congress of the republic shall not declare war against any nation until arbitration has been attempted without success. The new Brazilian constitution restricts the coasting trade to vessels carrying the Brazilian flag and permits the several states of the republic to tax imported merchandise to the amount of 15 per cent. ad valorem.

Recent Advices from the Republic of Colombia.

CONNELLSVILLE, March 16.—The charges against Rev. C. J. Forsythe, of the Redstone presbytery, for unimpartial conduct, were sustained, and the accused was subjected to public admonition by Rev. W. A. Edie, moderator. Forsythe presented his resignation as pastor of the Greensboro church, and the same was accepted. The charges against the elders for neglect of ordinances, slander and ruling in high-handed disregard to the provisions of the board of discipline were sustained, and the accused were suspended from office.

FOOLED HIM.

A Wild Deer Lets a Night Policeman Capture Him and Then Escapes.

DUQUE, Ia., March 16.—While patrolling his beat, down town, the other night, Policeman Rider was amazed to have a handsome deer run up to him.

He procured a rope and lassoed the animal, and attempted to take it to the station house, when it dashed away, giving the officer a lively turn about the city, finally escaping across the river to the wilds of Wisconsin, from whence it had wandered.

The Centennial of Patents.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The committee having charge of the arrangements for the celebration of the beginning of the second century of the American patent system, which will occur in this city on April 8, 9 and 10, is in receipt of numerous communications from all parts of the country from inventors and manufacturers, indicating a widespread interest in the celebration. Several thousand of the most prominent inventors in the country, including Edison, Bell, Corliss, Simms, Westinghouse, C. K. Marshall, Andrew Carnegie, etc., have signified their intention to participate. The opening meeting on April 8 will be presided over by President of the Scotch-Irish Society.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 16.—The third congress of Scotch-Irish people, and their descendants in America, will be held in this city from May 14 to 17 next. The invitation of the city is extended through her representative bodies, the board of trade, Commercial club and the local Scotch-Irish society. Mr. Robt. Bonner, of New York, president of the Scotch-Irish society of America, will preside. Some of the most celebrated orators of the day and hundreds from most distinguished men of the race will be present from all parts of the United States and Canada. Representatives of the race from all parts of the world will be welcomed.

The Scotch-Irish Congress.

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A Fiendish Crime at Mt. Pleasant.

MT. PLEASANT, MICH., March 16.—Shortly after Dennis Burns left his home in Wise, eleven miles north of here, his wife went to a neighbor's well for a pail of water, leaving her three children in bed. While gone an unknown man entered and assaulted the oldest girl and set fire to the house to hide the crime. The house was destroyed. The oldest girl was so badly burned that she died in an hour after telling her story.

Commissioner Groff Resigns.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Commissioner Groff, of the general land office, has tendered his resignation, but it has not yet been accepted by the president. The commissioner says there is no truth whatever in the published report that a serious controversy between himself and Secretary Noble led to his resignation. His sole reason for resigning, he says, is failing health.

The Chicago Labor Ticket.

CHICAGO, March 16.—At the United Trade and Labor party convention, held at Bricklayers' hall Saturday night, the following ticket was nominated: For mayor, Dewitt Cregier; city treasurer, W. P. Rend; city attorney, George F. Sugg; city clerk, James Ball.

Under Clay's Statue.

The meeting at the Clay statue, on Canal street, was held promptly at 10 o'clock. Just as the stroke of that hour

AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

THE BUREAU AT WASHINGTON FURNISHES INTERESTING NEWS.

Bolivia Erects the Highest Viaduct in the World—A Large Number of Chinese Colonists to Start for Mexico—The Argentine Republic, Brazil and the Republic of Columbia Heard From.

Washington Bureau.

Breaking in the Prison.

To Stop Further Bloodshed.

Secretary Blaine Calls Governor Nicholls' Attention to Saturday's Horror.

THE MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

PARNELL DELEGATES.

IRISH MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT ARRIVE IN NEW YORK.

A Hearty Welcome Bade Them by the Reception Committee—The Party is Composed of James J. O'Kelly, John O'Connor, W. H. K. Redmond and Henry Harrison.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The delegates sent to this country by Mr. Parnell for the purpose of raising funds arrived on the Etruria yesterday. The delegation is composed of James J. O'Kelly, M. P.; John O'Connor, W. H. K. Redmond, M. P., and Henry Harrison, M. P. They were met down the bay by a reception committee on board a steamer and Messrs. O'Kelly, Redmond and Harrison were transferred to it, while Mr. O'Connor proceeded to the city on the Etruria. An address of welcome, signed by Michael Breslin as chairman, was presented to the delegates. The address spoke of them as the "representatives of Irish nationality as indorsed by Charles Stewart Parnell, leader of the Irish nation," and bade them a hearty welcome. The address protests against Ireland tamely submitting to the crack of the Gladstone whip by abandoning the only public leader in modern days whom England has found it impossible to influence, purchase or deceive. After referring to the need of a national legislature and judiciary and the establishment of a purely civil police, the address urged the steady formation of a truly national public opinion that would ultimately prevent all foreign interference with the internal affairs of Ireland. The address concluded by expressing the hope that the labors of the delegates in America would prosper so that all men might confess a steady allegiance to the friends of Ireland here and to the mission and policy.

Headquarters of the Delegates.

When the city was reached the party proceeded in carriages to the Hoffman house, where the delegates make their headquarters while in this country. Mr. O'Connor reached the hotel before the others and said that the delegates were prepared to back up Mr. Parnell's American letter with arguments. The intention of the visit was to rally the Irish people around Mr. Parnell and to collect funds to enable him to carry on the work of the really independent Irish party. When asked his opinion as to the present defection from the Parnellite ranks, Mr. O'Connor said: "I would have more respect for the men if I thought their action was prompted by real regard for public and private virtue, but I know from the long acquaintance with the men who lead the revolt that their methods are prompted by the very worst passions of human nature—envy, hatred and ambition." Mr. O'Connor said he believed both Dillon and O'Brien were now with Mr. Parnell, but he was reluctant to speak of men now in prison. The other delegates spoke in a similar strain.

A Delegate Makes a Statement.

James O'Kelly made a statement, in which he said that no definite arrangements had been made as yet for their American tour. They would make their first appearance next Thursday night at the Cooper Institute. They would then be able to complete their arrangements for out of town places. They had already received invitations to visit Albany and Montreal, and while in Canada they would visit Quebec, Ottawa and Toronto. They expected to visit the principal cities in America and would go west as far as St. Paul and Minneapolis. In speaking of the contest in Ireland Mr. O'Kelly said: "The McCarthyites are unable to hold meetings in any of the prominent cities. We have been holding these meetings and they are as large as ever. If you look at the whole country you will find that the great majority are with us. The ecclesiastical influence has but little influence against us. In a general election the McCarthyites would be swept out of the country. If we carry the next election we will occupy the same position as we have in the past. We will hold the balance of power and the two parties will come to us for support. The revenue fund of \$200,000 in Paris, which was carefully nursed for the general election, we have been blocked from drawing upon by the other party, but we have also prevented them from using it. As there is great need of help among the tenants we have made a proposition that it be used for their relief and this the McCarthyites will probably agree to. The other party will depend on their English friends for funds. We wish to raise funds for our election expenses, and we hope to replace the \$200,000 which is locked up in Paris."

Senator Hearst's Funeral.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—The funeral of United States Senator George Hearst took place yesterday afternoon. No sermon or eulogy was delivered either in the church or at the cemetery, only the simple ceremonial of the Episcopal church burial service being used. The remains were followed to the cemetery by Governor Waterman and staff, members of the legislature, Admiral Benham, Gen. Gibbons and their staffs, many local civic organizations and numerous friends.

Excitement in Social Circles.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—Social circles are excited here by the clandestine marriage of Frank McAllister, nephew of the famous Ward McAllister, to a ballet girl of the Tivoli theatre, named Nellie Walker. The wedding took place at Hollister, San Benito county, last month. Young McAllister says he will return to his cattle ranch. It is understood his family here will have nothing to do with him so long as he remains faithful to the ballet girl.

A York Banker Fails.

YORK, PA., March 16.—Michael Schall, of the banking firm of Schall & Danner, and interested in a dozen other enterprises, has failed and confessed judgment for \$149,000. It is said that he has recently lost several hundred thousand dollars through endorsements and in other ways, and a number of suits are pending against him, growing out of his various enterprises. It is stated that he will assign for the benefit of his creditors.

Col. Mapleson to Marry.

PALM, March 16.—Col. Henry Mapleson will be married on Tuesday morning to Miss Laura Schirmer Byron, formerly of Boston.

DEATH OF WINDTHORST.

The Great Leader of the German Catholics Passes Away.

BERLIN, March 16.—Dr. Ludwig Windthorst, the leader of the Catholic party in the Reichstag, passed away in death Saturday. Ludwig Windthorst was for almost twenty years the most powerful German politician in office. For almost twenty years he led in the Reichstag an opposition party of his own creation, and obstructed with the finest political skill nearly every measure of the Imperial government. He, alone, in the days of Bismarck, was considered a foe worthy of the great man's steel, and he alone could boast of having repeatedly defeated the iron chancellor's most careful plans, and of having rendered futile all his most strenuous efforts to execute an elaborate domestic policy.

Windthorst was born in Osnabrück eighty years ago. At boarding school he was so eccentric and so rebellious against all discipline that his father called him home with the intention of setting him to work at a shoemaker's bench. Windthorst's aunts and uncles pleaded for him so persistently, however, that he was eventually to resume his erratic educational course and to bring up in Heidelberg university. He studied law; entered Hanoverian politics; held high offices of state, and became a Guelph and State's rights man from head to heel. He never was reconciled to the annexation of Hanover to Prussia, and went into the first Reichstag as a universal objector.

A KITTEN IN THE ORGAN.

A Surprised Musician, Clergyman and Congregation.

NEW MILFORD, CONN., March 16.—The choral service at All Saints church was brought to a sudden close Sunday morning. The organist, Mr. A. L. Conkey, was throwing all his soul into an improvisation, to which the audience were listening with rapt attention, when suddenly the music ceased, broke right off in the midst of a solemn strain, and from out the depths of the labyrinth of musical machinery and pipes came a most agonizing wail as of some soul awakened to its sins and crying in despair over its punishment. Mr. Conkey was dumfounded; the rector, in his robes, stood with a half-scared look of wonderment upon his features, and the congregation sat transfixed. In an instant Mr. Conkey disappeared in a small aperture in the side of the organ. Then came a sound of spitting and snarling, a meow, that set the audience in a titter of amusement, and the musician reappeared, holding by the neck a diminutive kitten, which had gone into the organ for a nap. In some way he had become caught in the bellows valve, and not a breath of wind entered the pipes. He was dropped from the rear door, the pump was set to work, and the disgusted musician resumed the service.

The MacQuerry Heresy Case.

CLEVELAND, O., March 16.—Another session of the ecclesiastical court of the Episcopal diocese of Ohio is being held for the purpose of settling the MacQuerry heresy case. At this session it is believed that a decision will be reached. All the judges have declared that they have made up their minds and prepared their decisions. The feeling in general is that a verdict will be against the accused, but this is not based on statements by any of the judges.

Two Hundred Boiler Makers Out.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 16.—The employees at the Enterprise Boiler works have all been paid off and at present there is no prospect of work being resumed. The employees insist that nine hours shall constitute a day's work, and the firm claim that they can not compete it and compete with others in the business. W. B. Pollock & Co., boiler makers, have been shut down since January by reason of the same demand being made by their men. The two concerns employ over 100 men.

Murdered by an Employee.

CADIZ, O., March 16.—A feud of eight years' standing ended in the murder of William West by Nathan Ruby. Ruby evaded arrest until Saturday, when he was found in hiding at a neighbor's. West was a farmer, and lived about two miles from this place. West's body was found with two bullet holes in his body. Ruby had been an employee of his victim, and was accused of being too attentive to West's wife.

Good Raid on English Sparrows.

FINDLAY, O., March 16.—The citizens of McComb, a village eight miles west of this city, indulged in a sparrow hunt, and succeeded in killing 922 of the birds, one man killing 74. One of the hunters, in shooting at a flock of sparrows in an open stable door, shot and badly wounded a pony, and nearly scared to death the animal's owner, who was in the barn at the time.

Heir to Ten Millions.

SIOUX CITY, IA., March 16.—Mrs. Mabel Klise, the wife of a Sioux City contractor, has fallen heir to property in England worth over \$10,000,000. Her maternal grandfather, Lord Leicester-shire, of London, transacted the business which brings her into the vast property, and he will arrive here next month to close matters up.

Ate Corn Fodder.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 16.—Plato Thomas, a resident of Yellow Springs, died suddenly. A post mortem was held, and a piece of corn fodder was found in his stomach. The doctors claim it killed him.

CONDENSED OHIO NEWS.

The Aetna mill at Bridgeport is being enlarged.

Mrs. Jennie Jones, of Columbus, committed suicide by hanging. She was the wife of Rev. John Jones, against whom a suit for divorce is now pending.

Bellaire will have a big time on St. Patrick's day. An American flag will be presented to the Catholic church.

Work at the coal mines of Rendville, Hocking county, has been suspended for several weeks and the miners, driven by hunger, are pinching the stores.

The city of Newark has appropriated \$55,000 wherewith to purchase ground and aid in the establishment of industries that will furnish employment to 600 persons.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature of Guernsey county to expend \$100,000 in the construction of a railroad extending from the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in Guernsey county, to the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling in Harrison county.

GOWNS FOR WEDDINGS.

OLIVE HARPER PRESENTS TWO THAT ARE VERY HANDSOME.

Full Descriptions Accompanied with Cut. Walking Costumes That Are Sure to Please the Ladies Whose Eyes Rest on This Letter.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, March 12.—During the penitential season of Lent many young girls make up their wedding garments, and as soon as the season is over and the joyous Easter service is sung they step forth as brides and offer their own pure hearts as a sacrifice more or less humbly.



BRIDAL COSTUMES.

I fancy from what I have seen of brides in my day that the prettier their gown the more willingly they go to the altar, and we know what is said about the cheerful giver.

I show here two lovely bridal gowns, either one of which is enough to please the daintiest darling of all. The one on the left is of cream white satin duchesse, with a demi-train, and a festooned flounce of oriental lace at the foot, held up by orange blossoms. If the bride's grandmother has some rare old lace put away, now is a good chance to air it, and nothing adds so much to perfect happiness on a wedding day as to know that you have a grandmother who has point lace flounces. The corsage is draped, has a vest front of lace and is ornamented with a spray of orange blossoms. On the shoulders are epaulettes of lace. The veil is of tulle, and this season is turned back from the face and is held in place by a spray of orange blossoms. The bouquet is of orange blossoms and valley lilies.

The dress on the right is of ottoman silk, ivory white, and is plain in front with wrinkled drapery. At the foot is a full plaiting of the silk, each edge having a silver cord sewn on. The train is of the same silk, with panels, waist and sleeve garniture of cream silk and silver bead passementerie, though silk and silver embroidery could also be employed. The veil is attached with a bow of silver edged gauze ribbon and falls backward.

At one or two notable weddings the bride's gowns have been made of silk chiffon and oriental lace, and of veiling goods, it may interest our readers:

These materials make up really prettier wedding gowns than the thick satins and silks, which are rarely of any use after this one occasion, while those of lighter material can be utilized by the young lady as evening or dinner dresses, while the others would be entirely unsuitable. There have also been made two or three wedding gowns of white broadcloth and some of Bradford cloth, which is really an exquisite material, having a velvety surface more like the soft bloom over chamois skin than anything, only it is in white.

And that makes me think. I saw a beautiful gown yesterday just receiving its finishing touches for a lady in Washington. The waist was made of chamois skin, and so arranged that no seam on the waist was visible except the arm size. There was a rich brown silk passementerie all over the lower part of the waist, which had Van Dyke points at top and bottom. The sleeves were of brown velvet and the skirt was of brown cambric hair, with deep tabs, which showed a Van Dyke point of chamois leather over-

the

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Here is a rich brown silk passementerie all over the lower part of the waist, which had Van Dyke points at top and bottom. The sleeves were of brown velvet and the skirt was of brown cambric hair, with deep tabs, which showed a Van Dyke point of chamois leather over-

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A Little Girl's Experience in a Light house.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the government lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter, 4 years old. Last April she was taken down with measles, followed with a dreadful cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain; she grew worse rapidly until she was a mere "handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you may get a free trial bottle at Z. T. Baltzly's Drug store.

Mr. James Lambert, of New Brunswick, Ill., says: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right to-day and would insist on everyone who is afflicted with that terrible disease to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once." For sale by Morganthaler & Heister.

Blessing to Humanity.
This is what N. H. Andrews, a prominent citizen of Springfield, O., says: "It affords me great pleasure to assure my friends that I have received both immediate and permanent relief of throat, bronchial and asthmatic trouble in the use of Dr. Acker's English Remedy. It is certainly a good honest medicine and a blessing to humanity." The above preparation we sell on a positive guarantee; it has given better satisfaction than any other remedy we have ever sold. J. M. Schuckers, and E. S. Craig druggist, Massillon, O.

Catarrh
In the head
Is a constitutional disease, and requires a constitutional remedy
Like Hood's Sarsaparilla, Which Purifies the blood
Makes the weak strong,
Restores health.
Try it now.

The First Step.
Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50 cents at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

The following item has been going the rounds of the press, and as our druggist, Morganthaler & Heister, handle the goods, it may interest our readers:

Having had occasion to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it gives me pleasure to state that I found it to be the best medicine for a cough I ever used; in fact, it cured me of a cough that had baffled several other cough medicines. —N. R. Burnett, Atalissa Iowa.

Here it is, and file the bill much better than anything we could say: "It gives me the greatest pleasure to write you in regard to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. During the past winter I have sold more of it than any other kind, and have yet to find any one but what was benefited by taking it. I have never had any medicine in my store that gave such universal satisfaction." J. M. Rooney, druggist, Genda Springs, Kan. 50 cent bottles for sale by Morganthaler & Heister.

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